Unit:	The Renaissance 1485-1660							
Essential	What is good morality?							
Questions:	What makes a person honorable?							
	What is more important: Personal Happiness or Fulfilling Obligation?							
	What does it mean to be morally corrupt?							
Timeline:	Weeks	3 9-15						
Common Core Stan	dards	Learning Objectives	Suggested	Performance Tasks	Grammar	Terminology		
			Works					
RL. 12.1 Cite strong	and	* Students will gain a	Introduction:	*Students will read and analyze	Chapter 3	*Humanism		
thorough textual evid		greater understanding	The	a specific section from the	Phrases	*Henry VIII		
to support analysis of		and appreciation of Life	Renaissance	introduction of the Renaissance.		*Renaissance-		
the text says explicitly		in the Renaissance.	(p. 233-254)			return to classic		
well as inferences dra	awn			*Students will create and		learning		
from the text.		* Students will be able		present a power point		*Gutenberg		
		to analyze the historical		presentation about their specific		Printing Press		
RL 12.9 Draw eviden	nce	text of a specific time		section.		*Protestant		
from literary or		period.				Reformation		
informational texts to				*Write 2-3 paragraphs		*Sonnets		
support analysis, refle	ection,	* Students will be able		summarizing the main points of		*Petrarchan		
and research.		to relay historical		Renaissance beliefs, values, and		Sonnet		
		information to their		traditions, using notes from		*Shakespearean		
RL 12.5 Make strateg		classmates.		student jigsaw activity.		Sonnet		
of digital media (e.g.,						*Octave		
textual, graphical, aud				Suggested activities		*Volta		
visual, and interactive						*Turn		
elements) in presenta				Teacher Model		*Stanza		
to enhance understand	_			Jig-Saw		*Quatrains		
of findings, reasoning	g, and			Thinking Notes		*Couplets		
evidence and to add				Cooperative Learning Groups		*Rhyme Scheme		
interest.				Read with a Pen		*Meter		
Y 40 4 5				Pair Share		*Iambic		
L 12.1 Demonstrate				Chunking		Pentameter		
command of the				Paraphrase		*Figurative		
conventions of standa				Objective Summaries		Language		
English grammar and	i usage					*Play		

when writing or speaking.				*Soliloquy
L 12.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.				*Monologue *Aside
L 12.3 Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading and listening.				
RL 12.1 Cite strong and thorough textual evidence	*Students will be able to identify a sonnets rhyme	Shakespeare's Sonnets	Required After reading all sonnets, students will choose two	
to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text, including determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.	*Students will be able to identify the tone of a speaker in a sonnet. *Students will identify		students will choose two sonnets with similar themes and topics. They will explain these similarities in two paragraphs (Thematic Development Analysis Graphic Organizer)	

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RL 12.4 Determine the	the turn of a sonnet and		Optional: Students will write a	
meaning of words and	identify the change of		sonnet that contains a	
phrases as they are used in	tone of the speaker.		Shakespearean rhyme scheme, a	
the text, including	_		turn and an ending couplet.	
figurative and connotative			C I	
meanings; analyze the			Optional: Students will recite	
impact of specific word			their sonnets to their classmates.	
choices on meaning and				
tone, including words with				
multiple meanings or				
language that is particularly				
fresh, engaging, or				
beautiful.				
ocaumur.				
RL 12.9 Demonstrate				
knowledge of eighteenth-,				
nineteenth- and early-				
twentieth- century				
foundational works of				
American literature,				
including how two or more				
texts from the same period				
treat similar themes or				
topics.				

RL 12.1 Cite strong and
thorough textual evidence
to support analysis of what
the text says explicitly as
well as inferences drawn
from the text, including
determining where the text
leaves matters uncertain.

RL 12.2 Determine two or more themes or central ideas of a text and analyze their development over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL 12.3 Analyze the impact of the author's choices regarding how to develop and relate elements of a story or drama.

RL 12.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and

*Students will gain a greater understanding of the Renaissance through the reading of *Hamlet*.

*Students will be able to read and analyze text that is written in old English.

*Students will gain a greater understanding and appreciation of the elements of Tragedies.

*Students will understand that human conditions transcend time and are universal.

*Students will use footnotes to gain a better understanding of the monologue/soliloquy.

*Students will be able to paraphrase each monologue/soliloquy.

*Students will analyze key monologues/soliloquies from each Act of *Hamlet* in order to understand the play's Hamlet

Act I, Scene II

Act II, Scene

Act III, Scene

Act IV, Scene IV

Act V, Scene

*Teacher will model how to complete Analytical Notes/Thematic Passage Analysis guides with students.

*Highlight the most important lines of the monologue/soliloquy and explain how they contribute to the developing themes. Students will analyze 2-6 lines in a dialectical journal.

*Paraphrase the monologue/soliloquy from old English to modern English.

*Students will complete Analytical Notes/Thematic Passage Analysis for each monologue/soliloquy.

*Students will work collaboratively in groups to analyze each monologue/soliloquy.

*Students will complete objective summaries for each scene in *Hamlet*.

*Cannon

*Merely

*Hyperion to a

*Satyr

*Beteem

*Ere

*Niobe

*Wants

*Hercules

*Unrighteous

*Dexterity

*Incestuous

*Peasant

*Dream of passion

*To...conceit

*From her working

*Distraction in's aspect

*General ear

*Make...free

*Muddy-mettled

*Like...cause

*Property

*Pale

*Gives...lie

*Region kites

*Offal

*Remorseless

*Brave

*Unpack

*Drab

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tone, including words with	major themes.	Required	*Scullion
multiple meanings or		Writing Piece:	*About
language that is particularly		In 3-4 typed pages, examine 2	*Cunning
fresh, engaging, or		themes in <i>Hamlet</i> and explain	*Presently
beautiful.		how these themes influence the	*Proclaimed their
		play or how the various	*malefactions
RL 12.9 Demonstrate		elements work together to	*Teat
knowledge of eighteenth-,		create the theme. You may	*Abuses
nineteenth- and early-		want to consider the following	*Relative
twentieth-century		questions: Why these themes	*To
foundational works of		are important? What do you	*To be
American literature,		understand differently about the	*Outrageous
including how two or more		play and characters because you	*Consummation
texts from the same period		recognize these themes? What	*Rub
treat similar themes or		aspects of the play create and	*Coil
topics.		develop these themes (Thematic	*The
		Development Graphic	respectlife
		Organizer)?	*The
			*spurnstakes
			*Quietus
			*Bare bodkin
			*Fardels
			*Native hue
			*Cast
			*Withaction
			*Orison
			*Dull
			*Good and
			market
			*Large discourse
			*Lookingafter
			*Fust
			*Of
			*Sith
			*Gross as earth

					*Charge *Makesevent *Rightlystake *Fantasy *Whereoncause *Continent *Presence *Nature *In nature
Common Core Standards	Learning Objectives	Suggested Works	Performance Tasks	Grammar	Terminology

El Rancho High School Grade 12 Curriculum Map: Implementing Common Core						